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AN IMPROVED CELLULAR CUSHIONED MATERIAL

## PRIORITY APPLICATION

The present application claims priority from U.S. application  
5 60/385,607 titled DEVICE AND METHOD FOR THE PRODUCTION OF  
CELLULAR CUSHIONED MATERIAL filed on June 5, 2002.

## BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

## FIELD OF THE INVENTION

10 The present invention generally relates to an improved cellular  
cushioned material and to an improved pre-welded cellular cushioned material  
and a method for making the same in particular.

## DISCUSSION OF THE RELATED ART

15 Cellular cushioning material is used for packing and for the filling of  
empty volumes. U.S. Patent Application Serial number 09/758,544, publication  
serial number 2002/0094393A1 filed by Matarasso discloses a pre-welded  
cellular cushioning material and method, the method includes providing a pre-  
welded sheet to a user comprised of at least two layers of plastic pre-welded to  
20 have a plurality of diagonally oriented, inflatable sleeves extending substantially  
the entire width of said sheet, and a horizontally extending air entry passage.  
According to Matarasso each of the inflatable sleeves has an opening for allowing  
entry of air from said air entry passage into the sleeve. The user inflates the  
cellular cushioning material using an air injecting pipe located in the center of the  
25 sheet inflated, the pipe is inserted into the mid section of the plastic sheet using a  
knife for cutting a passageway in the middle or side section of the inflatable  
plastic sheet.

According to Matarasso each of the sleeves is welded from all sides  
except for a small opening. Once air is injected into the diagonal sleeves a

horizontal welding is applied to the plastic sheet. The longitudinal welding is applied to the inflated plastic sheet at predetermined intervals. The welding is applied using horizontal bars. Each weld slows down the production of the cellular cushioning material. Due to openings between the pre-welded sections  
5 entire areas juxtaposed to the air inlet pipe are not sealed from all of their sides causing a significant reduction in the efficiency of the partially inflated plastic sheet.

Reference is now made to Fig. 1 which shows a plastic sheet having a plurality of diagonally oriented, inflatable sleeves extending substantially the  
10 entire width of the shown sheet, known in the art. Once diagonal 100, 101, 102 are air filled, longitudinal weld 104 is made using horizontal welding bars, thus creating non-inflated area 108. Like non-inflated areas are located throughout the length of the air filling section of the plastic sheet. The longer the distance between longitudinal welds 104, 106 the larger the non-inflated section that is  
15 created within the plastic sheet.

It is therefore an object of the present invention to provide a pre-welded cellular cushioning material having a minimal non-inflated section.

It is also an object of the present invention to provide an additional horizontal weld during the process of longitudinal welding thus minimizing the  
20 non-inflated section during the production of the inflated cellular cushioning material.

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## SUMMARY OF THE PRESENT INVENTION

In accordance with the above objects, the present invention provides a pre-welded cellular cushioning material.

According to one aspect of the present invention there is provided an  
5 inflatable cellular cushioning material having an air inlet pipe path to be inflated  
by an inflating device through the use of an air inlet pipe, the inflatable  
cushioning material comprising two or more layers of plastic pre-welded in such  
a manner so as to form a substantially diagonally oriented lines forming sleeves  
or cell structure along the longitudinal axis of the inflatable cellular cushioning  
10 material and a substantially longitudinal welded lines along the path of the air  
inlet pipe, the longitudinal welded lines have non-welded longitudinal line areas  
to allow for the inflating of the sleeves or cell structure, whereby the longitudinal  
welded lines substantially reduce the non-inflated areas along the path of the air  
inlet pipe. The longitudinal welded lines are pre-welded before the plastic sheet is  
15 inflated by the inflating device or are welded after the sleeves have been inflated.  
Alternatively, the longitudinal welded lines are welded using an L shaped plastic  
sealing bars having longitudinal and horizontal arms. The horizontal arm has the  
length of the distance between a first and a second longitudinal welding  
performed by the L shaped plastic sealing. The diagonally oriented lines can have  
20 an obtuse angle in respect of the longitudinal welds. Alternatively, the diagonally  
oriented lines can have an acute angle in respect of the longitudinal welds. The  
horizontal weld is applied about every 1 to 20 centimeter along the longitudinal  
axis of the plastic sheet. The non-welded areas are located about every 5 to 30  
centimeter along the longitudinal axis of the inflatable cellular cushioning  
25 material. The non-welded areas measure about 0.3 to 3 centimeters.

## BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

The present invention will be understood and appreciated more fully from the following detailed description taken in conjunction with the drawings in which:

5            Fig. 1 is a cellular cushioning material having a plurality of diagonally oriented, inflatable sleeves extending substantially the entire width of the shown sheet, known in the art;

            Fig. 2 is a side view of a device for manufacturing of the cellular cushioning material, in accordance with the present invention.

10           Fig. 3 is a pre-weld cellular cushioning material having a plurality of diagonally oriented, inflatable sleeves and a longitudinal weld, in accordance with a preferred embodiment of the present invention;

            Fig. 4 is a cellular cushioning material having a plurality of diagonally oriented, inflatable sleeves having a horizontal and longitudinal welding, in  
15 accordance with the preferred embodiment of the present invention.

            Fig. 5 is a cellular cushioning material having a plurality of diagonally oriented, inflatable sleeves having a horizontal welding added after air is injected into the inflatable sleeves, in accordance with another embodiment the present invention.

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## DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

A cellular cushioning material having a plurality of diagonally oriented, inflatable sleeves and a horizontal weld is disclosed.

The present invention overcomes the disadvantages of the prior art by providing cellular cushioning material having diagonally oriented inflatable sleeves with a longitudinal weld, either pre-welded or welded during the process of manufacture. The longitudinal weld is placed along the path of the air inlet pipe. Thus, the present invention improves the cellular cushioning material substantially reducing the non-inflatable areas.

The device for manufacturing of the cellular cushioning material in accordance with the present invention is shown in Fig. 2. Device 200 can be used for manufacturing of the cellular cushioning material in accordance with the present invention. Device 200 can be a portable device through which plastic material is fed to create the cellular cushioning material. Any type of plastic or polymer based material can be used in association with the device 200 for manufacturing of the cellular cushioning material. Pre-welded dispensing roll 202 feeds continuous pre-welded plastic sheet 204 through flat plates 206, 208. The pre-welded plastic sheet comprises two layers of plastic or two bi-layer sheets of plastic. In the preferred embodiment, the outer two layers of the plastic sheet are made of thick plastic film resistant to such a degree so it will not melt during the welding process and the inner two layers are made of thinner plastic sheets which would weld together upon the application of heat and the welding bars. Air inlet pipe 210 is connected via an air conduit to air blower 209 or other air or gas supplying device. Air inlet pipe 210 is inserted via a knife (not shown) or other tearing device between the top and the bottom inner layers of the plastic sheet. Air is injected through the air inlet pipe into the plastic sheet thus inflating the diagonally pre-welded sleeves. The plastic sheet now inflated 212 is welded using horizontal bars 214, 216 applying pressure and heat to the inflated plastic sheet, thus providing a welded and inflated cellular cushioning material 218. Other embodiments of apparatuses that can be used are apparatuses depicted in co-filed

PCT application titled INFLATABLE CELLULAR CUSHIONING MATERIAL HAVING A BRICK LIKE FORMATION by Matarasso.

Fig. 3 illustrates the cellular cushioning material having a plurality of diagonally oriented, inflatable sleeves and a longitudinal weld, in accordance with the preferred embodiment of the present invention. In accordance with this embodiment of the present invention a pre-welded cellular cushioning material 300 is provided. Pre-welded cellular cushioning material 300 comprises diagonally welded sleeves 302, 304, 306 extending from the edges to the center of the plastic sheet allowing for the insertion of air during the process of manufacture of the cellular cushioning material. The air is inserted by the air inlet pipe 210 as shown in association with the device of Fig. 2. While the edge of the diagonal weld may terminate in a downward position 308 there is still left an opening to allow the inflating of the sleeves. In accordance with the present invention, the cellular cushioning material is also added with at least one additional weld along the longitudinal path of the air inlet pipe entry line 310.

If the air inlet pipe line is located in the middle of the plastic sheet 300 then two horizontal welds along the entire plastic sheet are added 310, 312. In order to enable the flow of air into the sleeves created by the diagonal lines small non-welded areas 314 along the horizontal path of the plastic sheets must be maintained.

In accordance with the present invention the diagonal welding forming the sleeves terminate around the mid section of the plastic sheet without connecting to the longitudinal lines along the span of the plastic sheet. When the air flows through the air inlet pipe 210 of Fig. 2 into the plastic sheet, the air flows from the internal channel 316 created by the horizontal line through non-welded longitudinal line areas 314 to the sleeves created by the diagonal welded lines. In the preferred embodiment of the present invention the non-welded longitudinal line areas 314 are located about every 3 to 30 centimeters along the longitudinal axis of the plastic sheet and measure about 0.3 to 3 centimeters. The flow of air causes the inflation of the diagonal sleeves. Once the longitudinal

welding is applied to the plastic sheet by the bars 216, 214 of Fig. 2 the area having horizontal welding along the horizontal path is sealed having air there within thus creating the inflated cellular cushioning material thus minimizing the unsealed areas with the exception of the non-welded horizontal line areas 314 and  
5 allowing for less non-inflated areas within the processed cellular cushioning material. The horizontal weld placed by bars 216, 214 is preferably applied to the plastic sheet about every 1 to 20 centimeter along the longitudinal axis of the plastic sheet.

The addition of the welded horizontal lines along the air inlet pipe also  
10 allows for the diagonally lines to be created in various degrees in respect of the longitudinal welds. Thus, an obtuse angle (ranging in the about 110 degrees to the about 160 degrees) or an acute angle (ranging in the about 20 degrees to the about 70 degrees) than the diagonal angle shown in Fig. 3 can be used to create the plastic sheet. In addition, less diagonally oriented lines may be used thus creating  
15 larger sleeves and allowing greater speed in manufacturing the welded plastic sheet.

Fig. 4 shows a cellular cushioning material having a plurality of diagonally oriented, inflatable sleeves having a horizontal and longitudinal welding, in accordance with the preferred embodiment of the present invention.  
20 As seen in Fig. 4 areas 400, 402 are the only non-inflated areas along the plastic sheet. These areas are not inflated because of the remaining non-welded horizontal line areas 314 of Fig. 3. It will be appreciated that the addition of longitudinal welded lines to plastic sheet 300 of Fig. 3 results in a cellular cushioning material having substantially less non-inflated areas along the mid  
25 section of the plastic sheet. Persons skilled in the art will appreciate that the same addition of welded horizontal line along the side of the plastic sheet, in such embodiments where the inlet pipe is inserted and operates at one side of the plastic sheet will likewise result in substantial less non-inflated areas along the plastic sheet.

Reference is now made to Fig. 5 showing a cellular cushioning material having a plurality of diagonally oriented, inflatable sleeves having a longitudinal welding added after air is injected into the inflatable sleeves, in accordance with another embodiment the present invention. On accordance with this alternative embodiment of the present invention the welded horizontal line is added to the plastic sheet during the process of manufacture of the cellular cushioning material. Plastic sheet 500 is a plastic sheet having pre-welded diagonal oriented lines creating sleeves along the length of the plastic sheet. In accordance with the present embodiment extensions of the diagonal welded lines need be performed downward to achieve maximum sealing. The plastic sealing bars 216, 217 of Fig. 2 is adapted such that an inverted or upside down L shaped weld (referred to below as L shaped) can be formed along the air inlet pipe path where the welded diagonal lines end in the middle section of the plastic sheet or at one end of the plastic sheet as the case may be.

Reference is made to Fig. 2B showing the L shaped plastic sealing bars showing an exemplary L shaped welding bars for the use in association with the device shown in Fig. 2 and for manufacturing the cellular cushioning material shown in Fig. 5. The L shaped welding bars 216, 214 create a horizontal weld 502 across the plastic sheet and a longitudinal weld 504 measuring at about the length of the next step where the next horizontal weld 506 is to be created by the plastic sealing system of Fig. 2. The length of the L shaped longitudinal line is dictated by the size of the L shaped downward or forward size of the bar performing the L welding. The same length should be equal to the advancing distance of the plastic sheet such as to form an overlapping seal along the length of the plastic sheet forming a completely sealed and inflated cellular cushioning material. The use of the L shaped longitudinal welding bar is advantageous in that it allows complete sealing of the plastic sheet, apart from the actual air inlet pipe path.

It will be appreciated by persons skilled in the art that the present invention is not limited to what has been particularly shown and described



hereinabove. Rather the scope of the present invention is defined only by the claims, which follow.